

EXHIBIT 2

AO 88B (Rev. 02/14) Subpoena to Produce Documents, Information, or Objects or to Permit Inspection of Premises in a Civil Action

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the
District of Minnesota

IN RE: Bair Hugger Forced Air Warming Products

Plaintiff

v.

Defendant

Civil Action No. MDL No. 2666

Bair Hugger
Abraham Ex 4
Date 7-20-17
Debby J. Campeau
Stirewalt & AssociatesSUBPOENA TO PRODUCE DOCUMENTS, INFORMATION, OR OBJECTS
OR TO PERMIT INSPECTION OF PREMISES IN A CIVIL ACTIONTo: John P. Abraham, Ph.D.
c/o Blackwell Burke P.A., 431 South 7th Street, Suite 2500, Minneapolis, MN 55415

(Name of person to whom this subpoena is directed)

☒ **Production:** YOU ARE COMMANDED to produce at the time, date, and place set forth below the following documents, electronically stored information, or objects, and to permit inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the material: See Exhibit APlace: Meshbeshier & Spence
1616 Park Ave S, Minneapolis, MN 55404

Date and Time: 06/21/2017 10:00 am

☐ **Inspection of Premises:** YOU ARE COMMANDED to permit entry onto the designated premises, land, or other property possessed or controlled by you at the time, date, and location set forth below, so that the requesting party may inspect, measure, survey, photograph, test, or sample the property or any designated object or operation on it.

Place:

Date and Time:

The following provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45 are attached – Rule 45(c), relating to the place of compliance; Rule 45(d), relating to your protection as a person subject to a subpoena; and Rule 45(e) and (g), relating to your duty to respond to this subpoena and the potential consequences of not doing so.

Date: 06/07/2017

CLERK OF COURT

OR

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

Attorney's signature

The name, address, e-mail address, and telephone number of the attorney representing (name of party) Plaintiffs

, who issues or requests this subpoena, are:
Gabriel A. Assaad, Kennedy Hodges, LLP, 4409 Montrose Blvd., Ste 200, Houston, TX 77006,
gassaad@kennedyhodges.com, (713) 523-0001

Notice to the person who issues or requests this subpoena

If this subpoena commands the production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things or the inspection of premises before trial, a notice and a copy of the subpoena must be served on each party in this case before it is served on the person to whom it is directed. Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(a)(4).

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Civil Action No. MDL No. 2666

PROOF OF SERVICE*(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)*I received this subpoena for *(name of individual and title, if any)* _____on *(date)* _____.☐ I served the subpoena by delivering a copy to the named person as follows: __________ on *(date)* _____; or☐ I returned the subpoena unexecuted because: _____

Unless the subpoena was issued on behalf of the United States, or one of its officers or agents, I have also tendered to the witness the fees for one day's attendance, and the mileage allowed by law, in the amount of \$ _____.

My fees are \$ _____ for travel and \$ _____ for services, for a total of \$ 0.00.

I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.

Date: _____

*Server's signature*_____
*Printed name and title*_____
Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc.:

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), (e), and (g) (Effective 12/1/13)**(c) Place of Compliance.**

(1) *For a Trial, Hearing, or Deposition.* A subpoena may command a person to attend a trial, hearing, or deposition only as follows:

- (A) within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; or
- (B) within the state where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, if the person
 - (i) is a party or a party's officer; or
 - (ii) is commanded to attend a trial and would not incur substantial expense.

(2) *For Other Discovery.* A subpoena may command:

- (A) production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things at a place within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; and
- (B) inspection of premises at the premises to be inspected.

(d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement.

(1) *Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions.* A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court for the district where compliance is required must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction—which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees—on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

(2) *Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.*

(A) *Appearance Not Required.* A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.

(B) *Objections.* A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing, or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises—or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:

- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for the district where compliance is required for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

(3) *Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.*

(A) *When Required.* On timely motion, the court for the district where compliance is required must quash or modify a subpoena that:

- (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person to comply beyond the geographical limits specified in Rule 45(c);
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
- (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.

(B) *When Permitted.* To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court for the district where compliance is required may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:

- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information; or

(ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party.

(C) *Specifying Conditions as an Alternative.* In the circumstances described in Rule 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:

- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
- (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

(e) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

(1) *Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information.* These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:

(A) *Documents.* A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.

(B) *Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified.* If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.

(C) *Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form.* The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.

(D) *Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information.* The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) *Claiming Privilege or Protection.*

(A) *Information Withheld.* A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:

- (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.

(B) *Information Produced.* If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for the district where compliance is required for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

(g) *Contempt.*

The court for the district where compliance is required—and also, after a motion is transferred, the issuing court—may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena or an order related to it.

EXHIBIT A

DEFINITIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS

1. As used herein, the terms “you”, “your”, and “deponent” refers to **John Abraham, Ph.D.** and “Defendant” shall mean **3M Company and/or Arizant Healthcare, Inc.**, and all attorneys, agents, and other natural persons or business or legal entities acting or purporting to act for or on behalf of **3M Company and/or Arizant Healthcare, Inc.**, whether authorized to do so or not.

2. As used herein, the term "documents" shall mean all writings of every kind, source, and authorship, both originals and all non-identical copies thereof, in your possession, custody, or control, or known by you to exist, irrespective of whether the writing is one intended for or transmitted internally by you, or intended for or transmitted to any other person or entity, including without limitation any government agency, department, administrative, or private entity or person. The term shall include handwritten, typewritten, printed, photocopied, photographic, or recorded matter. It shall include communications in words, symbols, pictures, sound recordings, films, tapes, and information stored in or accessible through computer or other information storage or retrieval systems, together with the codes and/or programming instructions and other materials necessary to understand and use such systems. For purposes of illustration and not limitation, the term shall include: affidavits; agendas; agreements; analyses; announcements; bills, statements, and other records of obligations and expenditures; books; brochures; bulletins; calendars; canceled checks, vouchers, receipts and other records of payments; charts or drawings; check registers; checkbooks; circulars; collateral files and contents; contracts; corporate bylaws; corporate charters; correspondence; credit files and contents; deeds of trust; deposit slips; diaries or drafts; files; guaranty agreements; instructions; invoices; ledgers, journals, balance sheets, profit and loss statements, and other sources of financial data; letters; logs, notes, or memoranda of telephonic or face-to-face conversations; manuals; memoranda of all kinds to and from any persons, agencies, or entities; minutes; minute books; notes; notices; parts lists; papers; press releases; printed matter (including books, articles, speeches, and newspaper clippings); purchase orders; records; records of administrative, technical, and financial actions taken or recommended; reports; safety deposit boxes and contents and records of entry; schedules; security agreements; specifications; statements of bank accounts; statements or interviews; stock transfer ledgers; technical and engineering reports, evaluations, advice, recommendations, commentaries, conclusions, studies, test plans, manuals, procedures, data, reports, results, and conclusions; summaries, notes, and other records and recordings of any conferences, meetings, visits, statements, interviews or telephone conversations; telegrams; teletypes and other communications sent or received; transcripts of testimony; UCC instruments; work papers; and all other writings which relate to, discuss, consider, or otherwise refer to the subject matter of the particular discovery requested.

3. A document is deemed to be in your possession, custody, or control if you either have physical possession of the item or have a right to possession of the item that is equal or superior to the person who has physical control of the item.

4. “Person” or “persons” means any natural persons, firms, partnerships, associations, joint ventures, corporations, and any other form of business organization or arrangement, as well as governmental or quasi-governmental agencies. If other than a natural person, include all natural persons associated with such entity.

5. Any and all data or information which is in electronic or magnetic form should be produced in a reasonable manner.

6. “Injury” as used herein refers to the injury sustained by any person with a claim alleging an injury caused by the Bair Hugger device.

7. “Incident in question” as used herein refers to the surgery of any person with a claim alleging an injury caused by the Bair Hugger device.

8. “Communications” and “communication” mean any and all inquiries, discussions, conferences, conversations, negotiations, agreements, meetings, interviews, telephone conversations, letter correspondence, notes, telegrams, facsimiles, electronic mail (email), memoranda, documents, writings, or other forms of communications, including but not limited to both oral and written communications.

9. As used herein, the term “Bair Hugger” means any forced-air warming system manufactured, sold, loaned, rented, leased, distributed, or marketed by any Defendant in this action.

10. As used herein, the term “forced-air warming system” or “FAW” refers to the Bair Hugger system and all other convective warming systems that warm patients in approximately the following manner:

- a) ambient air is drawn into a container, device, or machine where it is heated;
- b) the heated air is expelled from the container, device, or machine through a hose into an inflatable blanket; and
- c) the heated air is further expelled through openings in the blanket onto or near a patient.

11. “Patient” means any animal or human being treated by anyone for any condition, whether medical, dental, or veterinary treatment.

12. “Patient Warming Device” means any device used to adjust or control the temperature of patients.

13. “Surgical Site Infection” or “SSI” means an infection that likely arose from an operation and that develops within 30 days after the operation or within two years of an operation involving a surgical implant.

14. “Blanket” means any inflatable apparatus designed to be used with the Bair Hugger device that is positioned below or near the patient into which warm air from the device travels

through and is dispersed onto a patient. This term includes all such items identified in Defendants' marketing literature or patent applications and documentation.

15. "Periprosthetic Joint Infection" or "PJI" means a Surgical Site Infection of the deep joint tissue surrounding an implanted orthopedic device subsequent to the implantation of an orthopedic device.

16. "Convection" means the movement of air or any other fluid by the tendency of the hotter and less dense fluid to rise and colder denser fluid to sink under the influence of gravity.

17. "Sterile Field" means the area proximate to the surgical table and approximately on a horizontal plane level with the surgical tabletop that has been prepared by cleansing with an antimicrobial agent and surrounded with surgical drapes and the air proximate to that area.

18. "Waste Heat" means that portion of the heated air produced by the Bair Hugger or other FAW systems that vents into the operating room.

USE OF DEFINITIONS

The use of any particular gender in the plural or singular number of the words defined under paragraph "1", "Definitions" is intended to include the appropriate gender or number as the text of any particular request for production of documents may require.

TIME PERIOD

Unless specifically stated in a request for production of documents, all information herein requested is for the entire time period from January 1, 1995 through the date of production of documents requested herein.

DOCUMENTS TO BE PRODUCED

1. All documents reviewed by the deponent in anticipation of or in preparation for this deposition.
2. All correspondence and documents between the deponent and non-lawyers, including but not limited to notes, investigations, test results, raw data, experiments, demonstrations, photographs, videos, movies, or any other items gathered, tested or created in the course of the deponent's investigation of this case.
3. Copies of all of the deponent's notes, whether hand-written or typed, related to expert work in this matter.
4. Copies of all documents provided to the deponent by Defendants' counsel, on which the deponent has made notations, highlighting, or underlining.
5. Copies of all items which may be used by the deponent as demonstrations, exhibits, or aids in the course of testimony at the trial of this matter.
6. A list of all books, treatises, and articles authored or co-authored by the deponent.
7. A list of all books, treatises, articles, publications, or materials which the deponent considers authoritative with regard to the deponent's opinions in this case.
8. A copy of the deponent's current resume and/or curriculum vitae.
9. The deponent's engagement agreement concerning services rendered in connection with this matter.
10. An itemized list of time, charges, and expenses for services or opinions rendered in this case, including an itemization for said services performed by any persons employed by the deponent in this case.
11. All documents or other materials the deponent intends to show the jury in this case.
12. The deponent's correspondence file (excluding correspondence with Defendants' counsel) in connection with this case.
13. Any other documents, photographs, or other material not specifically listed above on which the deponent relies for his opinion(s).
14. All written communications (including emails) between the deponent and any other expert (retained or consulting) of the Defendant.

15. All communications (including but not limited to emails) between the deponent and Defendants, including any agent of Defendants.
16. Any study, test, trial, experiment, research and/or data analysis the deponent sponsored, conducted, performed, proposed, attempted, considered, discussed, planned, arranged and/or performed on the Bair Hugger warming system or filter for use with any Bair Hugger warming system, including any work in process.
17. All documents sent to or received from any forced air warming system manufacturer about the alleged actual or potential hazards and/or safety risks of forced air warming and/or the Bair Hugger warming system.
18. All compilations of electronic data and computer files created by the deponent, including but not limited to, pictures, videos, animation, CFD files, etc.